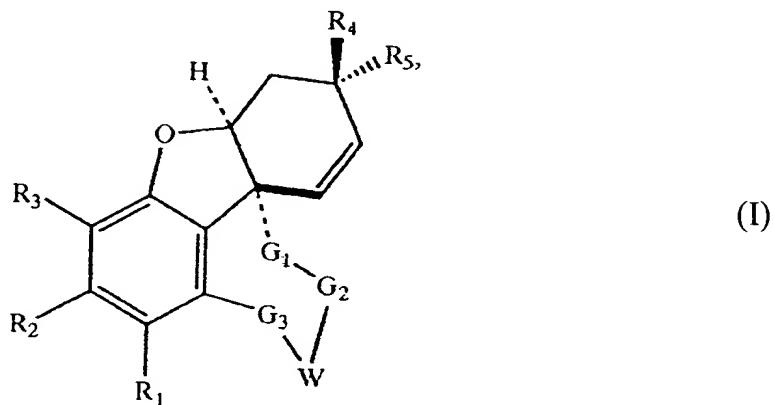


This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1 to 39 (canceled).

40. (new) Compounds of formula I



in which the substituents have the meanings that are explained below:

R₁ and R₂ are the same or different and mean:

- hydrogen, F, Cl, Br, I, CN, NC, OH, SH, NO₂, SO₃H, PO₃H, NH₂, CF₃, OSO₂(CH₂)_nCF₃, in which n is equal to 0, 1 or 2, -OSO₂-aryl, -OSO₂-vinyl or -OSO₂-ethinyl;
- a C₁-C₆, optionally branched, optionally substituted alkyl, alkoxy, arylalkyl, arylalkoxy, cycloalkyl or cycloalkoxy group;
- an amino group, which optionally is substituted by one or two identical or different C₁-C₆, optionally branched, optionally substituted alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, arylalkyl, arylalkylcarbonyl, or arylalkoxycarbonyl groups or by a

group that is selected from an optionally substituted pyrrolidine, piperidine, morpholine, thiomorpholine, piperazine, or homopiperazine radical;

- d) a -COOH, -COOalkyl, -COOarylalkyl, -CO-amino group, which optionally is substituted as indicated under c), a COHalkyl group, or a COHarylalkyl group;
- e) a -(CH₂)_nX (in which X is Br, Cl, F or I), -(CH₂)_nOH, -(CH₂)_nCHO, -(CH₂)_nCOOH, -(CH₂)_nCN, -(CH₂)_nNC, -(CH₂)_nCOalkyl, or -(CH₂)_nCOaryl group, in which n is 1-4;
- f) a -(CH₂)_nvinyl, -(CH₂)_nethinyl, or -(CH₂)_ncycloalkyl group in which n is 0, 1 or 2, wherein cycloalkyl is an aliphatic ring with 3 to 7 C atoms;
- g) a C₃-C₆-substituted alkenyl group (optionally substituted with H, F, Br, Cl, CN, CO₂alkyl, COalkyl, COaryl); or
- h) a C₃-C₆-substituted alkynyl group (optionally substituted with H, F, Br, Cl, CN, CO₂alkyl, COalkyl, COaryl);

R₃ has the same meaning as R₁,

R₄ and R₅ are either

- a) both hydrogen, or
- b) one of R₄ and R₅ is hydrogen, an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, arylalkyl, arylalkenyl, or arylalkynyl group, and the other of R₄ and R₅ is
 - i) OR₆, in which R₆ means hydrogen, a C₁-C₁₀, optionally branched or substituted alkyl group or cycloalkyl group, a C₃-C₁₀ substituted silyl group, or a C₂-C₁₀ alpha-alkoxyalkyl group;

G₁ is -(CH₂)_x-, in which x is 1 or 2;

G₂ is -(CH₂)_y-, in which y is 0 to 2;

G_3 is $-(CH_2)_z-$, in which z is 0 to 3, provided that the sum of $x+y+z$ is at least 2 and at most 4;

W is:

N-Phenyl, optionally substituted with F1, Br, Cl, C₁-C₄ alkyl, CO₂-alkyl, CN, CONH₂, or alkoxy; N-thien-2 or 3-yl; N-fur-2 or 3-yl; or an N-1,3,5-triazinyl, wherein the triazine radical can then be substituted with Cl, OR₆ or NR₇R₇, in which R₆ has the meaning indicated above and the two substituents R₇ are the same or different and are hydrogen, a C₁-C₄, optionally branched, alkyl group or cycloalkyl group, or substituents R₇ together are $-(CH_2)_n-$, in which n is 3 to 5.

41. (new) The compound according to claim 40, wherein W is N-1,3,5-triazinyl, wherein the triazine radical can then be substituted with Cl, OR₆ or NR₇R₇, in which R₆ has the meaning indicated above and the two substituents R₇ are the same or different and are hydrogen, a C₁-C₄, optionally branched, alkyl group or cycloalkyl group, or substituents R₇ together are $-(CH_2)_n-$, in which n is 3 to 5.

42. (new) The compound according to claim 40, wherein R₃ is OH or OCH₃.

43. (new) The compound according to claim 40, wherein R₃ is OCH₃.

44. (new) The compound according to claim 40, wherein R₄ is OH and R₅ is H.

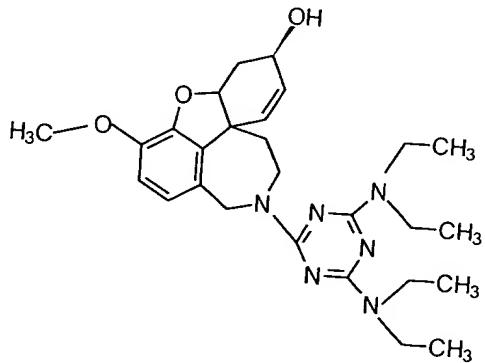
45. (new) The compound according to claim 40, wherein R₃ is OCH₃, R₄ is OH, R₅ is H, and W is N-1,3,5-triazinyl, wherein the triazine radical can then be substituted with Cl, OR₆ or NR₇R₇, in which R₆ has the meaning indicated above and the two substituents R₇ are the same or different and are hydrogen, a C₁-C₄, optionally branched, alkyl group or cycloalkyl group, or substituents R₇ together are -(CH₂)_n-, in which n is 3 to 5.

46. (new) The compound according to claim 40, in which substituent R₆ is a triethylsilyl, trimethylsilyl, t-butyldimethylsilyl or dimethylphenylsilyl.

47. (new) The compound according to claim 40, in which substituent R₆ is tetrahydropyranyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl, 2-methoxypropyl, ethoxyethyl, phenoxyethyl or 1-phenoxyethyl.

48. (new) The compound according to claim 40, in which R₅ has a meaning other than hydrogen, and R₄ is OH.

49. (new) The compound according to claim 40, having the following structure:



50. (new) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient and a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to claim 40 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

51. (new) A method of preparing a pharmaceutical composition comprising:

providing a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to claim 40 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and

combining a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient with the therapeutically effective amount of the compound according to claim 40 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.